

# FACTS FACTS FACTS FACTS AT A GLANCE

November 2003

**TEEN BIRTH RATE.** Preliminary data for 2002 from the National Center for Health Statistics show the teen birth rate has continued to decline, and rates are historic lows for each age group. The 2002 rate of 42.9 births per 1,000 females 15-19 is 31% lower than the 1991 rate of 61.8. The 2002 birth rate for teens aged 15-17 (23.2) is 40% lower than the 1991 rate and the rate of 72.7 for 18-19-year-olds represents a 23% decline. The decline in teen birth rates in the early 1990s was largely due to declines in repeat teen birth rates, whereas the declines in the latter part of the decade are attributed to declines in first teen birth rates. Based on age-specific birth rates, an estimated 18% of current 15-year-old girls will have a birth before they reach age 20.

## Teen Birth Rate (Births per 1,000 Females Aged 15-19, 15-17, and 18-19)

Ages:	1940	1950	1960	1970	1980	1986	1990	1991	1995	2000	2001	2002
15-19	54.1	81.6	89.1	68.3	53.0	50.2	59.9	61.8	56.0	47.7	45.3	42.9
15-17	-	-	43.9	38.8	32.5	30.5	37.5	38.6	35.5	26.9	24.7	23.2
18-19	-	-	166.7	114.7	82.1	79.6	88.6	94.0	87.7	78.1	76.1	72.7

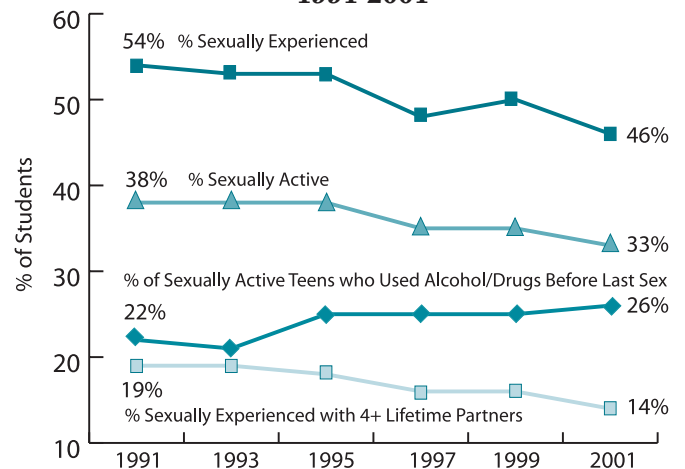
**NUMBER OF BIRTHS TO TEENS.** Preliminary data from the National Center for Health Statistics show that in 2002, there were 431,988 births to teens in the United States. This number represents a decline of about 19% since the most recent peak, in 1990. Declines in the number of births to teens occurred in each age group between 2001 and 2002. The number of teen births has not been declining as quickly as teen birth rates because of increases in the population of teen females.

## Number of Births to Females Under Age 20

Ages:	1960	1970	1980	1986	1990	1991	1995	2000	2001	2002
Under 15	6,780	11,752	10,169	10,176	11,657	12,014	12,242	8,519	7,781	7,318
15-17	182,408	223,590	198,222	168,572	183,327	188,226	192,508	157,209	145,324	138,296
18-19	404,558	421,118	353,939	293,333	338,499	331,351	307,365	311,781	300,620	286,374
Under 20	593,746	656,460	562,330	472,081	533,591	531,591	512,115	477,509	453,725	431,988

**TRENDS IN ADOLESCENT SEXUAL ACTIVITY.** In 2001, 46% of high school students reported ever having had sexual intercourse, down from 54% in 1991, according to data from the Youth Risk Behavior Survey. The percent of teens with four or more lifetime partners has also declined from 19% of high school students in 1991 to 14% in 2001. The proportion of high school students reporting current sexual activity (sexual intercourse within the past three months) was 33% in 2001, but this percent has not shown a significant decline in the past decade. However, the proportion of sexually active teens combining substance abuse with sexual activity has increased, so that one in four sexually active teens (26%) reported they used alcohol or drugs before their most recent sexual experience. Indeed, a recent poll by the Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation shows that about half of teens 15-17 years old report being somewhat or very concerned when asked: "How concerned are you personally that you might do more sexually than you planned because you are drinking or using drugs?"

## Trends in Adolescent Sexual Activity, 1991-2001



**SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES.** According to data from the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), females 15-19 and 20-24 have higher reported rates of chlamydia than females in any other age group. In 2001, the chlamydia rate among 15-19-year-old females was 2536.1 per 100,000, an increase of approximately 20% since 1997, when the rate was 2107.5. Among females aged 20-24, the rate increased about 42% during the same time period, from 1721.2 in 1997 to 2447.0 in 2001. Part of the reason that chlamydia rates show an increase may be due to expanded screening and increasing sensitivity of tests; however, many STDs go undiagnosed. The rates of gonorrhea declined slightly between 1997 and 2001 for females aged 15-19 from 714.4 reported cases among 100,000 15-19-year-old females in 1997, compared with 703.2 cases in 2001.

**BIRTH RATES BY MARITAL STATUS.** As the median age of first marriage continues to rise (in 2002, half of women were married by age 25.3), the likelihood of teens having a birth within marriage declines. Currently, 80% of teen births occur outside of marriage (see also Table 1). Updated National Center for Health Statistics data indicate that both marital and nonmarital birth rates to teens have been declining. The 2001 rate of 37 births per 1,000 unmarried women 15-19 is 20% lower than the peak 1994 birth rate of 46. In contrast, the nonmarital birth rate for women 20-24 and 15-44 has remained stable since 1994. The marital teen birth rate has declined dramatically by 47% between 1990 (420) and 2001 (286), which is due in part, to a reduced likelihood that teens with an unmarried pregnancy will marry before their child is born.

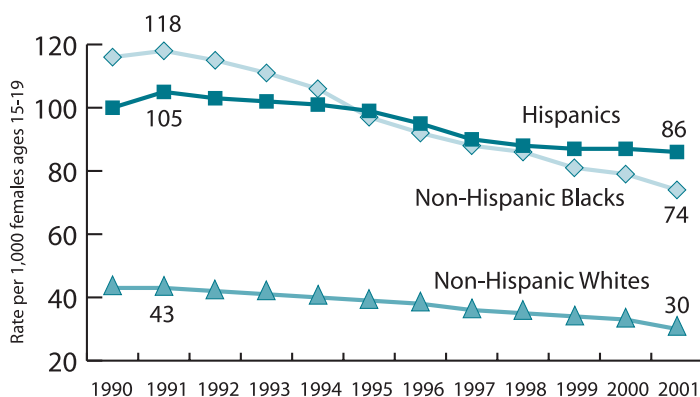
**Marital and Nonmarital Birth Rates (Births per 1,000 Females)**

Marital Status and Age:	1960	1970	1980	1990	1991	1994	1995	2000	2001
Marital, ages 15-19	531	444	350	420	410	346	357	288	286
Nonmarital, ages 15-19	15	22	28	43	45	46	44	39	37
Nonmarital, ages 20-24	40	38	41	61	65	71	69	72	71
Nonmarital, ages 15-44	22	26	29	44	45	46	44	44	44

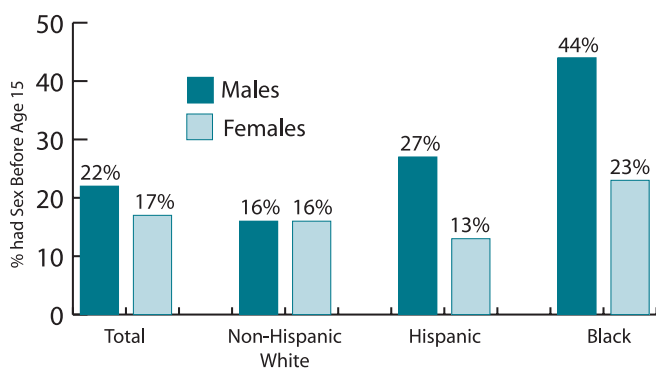
**BIRTH RATES BY RACE/ETHNICITY.**

Revised data from the National Center for Health Statistics confirm declining teen birth rates in the 1990s for all racial/ethnic groups. Among teens 15-19, the 2001 rate is 30% lower than the 1991 rate for non-Hispanic whites and 38% lower for non-Hispanic blacks. In comparison, the 2001 Hispanic teen birth rate is just 17% lower than the 1991 rate. Updated census estimates show that birth rates for Hispanic teens are lower and declined more than previously reported. However, Hispanics still have higher teen birth rates than non-Hispanic blacks or non-Hispanic whites.

**U.S. Teen Birth Rate by Race/Ethnicity, 1990-2001**



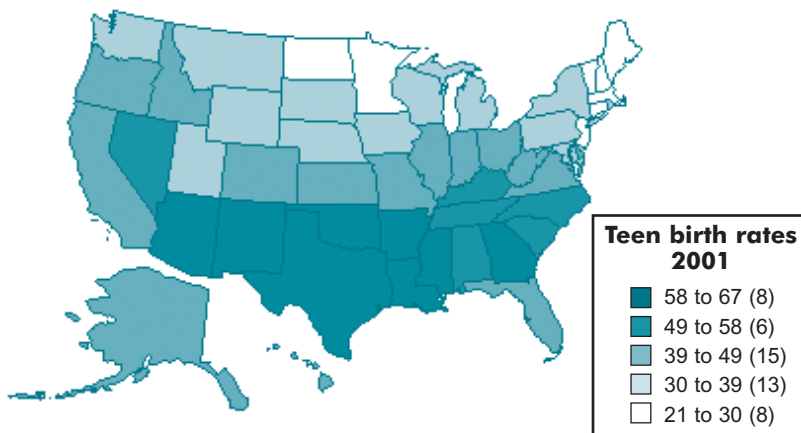
**Proportion of Young Adolescents Who Have Had Sex Before Age 15, by Gender and Race/Ethnicity, 2000**



**PROPORTION OF ADOLESCENTS WHO HAVE HAD SEX BEFORE AGE 15.**

According to data from the National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1997, in 2000, 17% of young adolescent females and 22% of young adolescent males reported having had sexual intercourse before age 15. Gender differences in early sexual experience are more common among racial and ethnic minorities than among non-Hispanic whites. Hispanic and black males were about twice as likely as their female counterparts to have sex before age 15. Twenty-seven percent of Hispanic males and 44% of black males reported sexual intercourse before age 15, compared with 13% of Hispanic females and 23% of black females. Among non-Hispanic white adolescents, 16% of both males and females reported having had sexual intercourse before age 15.

**U.S. Birth Rates for Teens 15-19 by State, 2001**



**TEEN BIRTH RATES BY STATE.** This figure shows birth rates for teens 15-19 years old (see also Table 2). The states with the lowest teen birth rates are the lightest on the map, and the states with the highest teen birth rates are the darkest on the map. In 2001, the birth rates for teens 15-19 ranged from a low of 21 births per 1,000 adolescent females in New Hampshire to a high of 67 in Mississippi. State variations may reflect, in part, the racial/ethnic composition of teens in each state. However, rates have declined in every state and the District of Columbia.

**TABLE 1: BIRTHS TO MOTHERS UNDER AGE 20 BY AGE AND RACE/ETHNICITY, PERCENT OF ALL TEEN BIRTHS TO UNMARRIED MOTHERS UNDER AGE 20, AND PERCENT OF BIRTHS TO MOTHERS 15-19 THAT ARE REPEAT BIRTHS (SECOND OR HIGHER ORDER BIRTHS), AND OF ALL BIRTHS FOR STATE, PERCENT TO MOTHERS UNDER 20, 2001**

STATE	Number of Births to Mothers Aged:				Number of Births to Mothers Under Age 20*:			Of All Births to Mothers Under Age 20, Percent Nonmarital	Percent of Teen (ages 15-19) Births that are Repeat Births	Of all Births in State, % to Mothers Under Age 20
	Under 15	15-17	18-19	Total Under 20	White	Black	Hispanic			
ALABAMA	185	2,975	5,845	9,005	4,552	4,014	371	72%	23%	15%
ALASKA	15	302	754	1,071	407	56	84	78%	20%	11%
ARIZONA	198	4,096	7,557	11,851	3,362	500	6,830	81%	23%	14%
ARKANSAS	109	1,799	4,142	6,050	3,653	1,879	425	72%	24%	16%
CALIFORNIA	809	17,314	35,693	53,816	9,438	4,760	36,654	76%	21%	10%
COLORADO	112	2,342	4,827	7,281	2,952	456	3,685	70%	20%	11%
CONNECTICUT	63	1,004	2,077	3,144	1,054	738	1,258	91%	19%	7%
DELAWARE	28	438	821	1,287	511	568	190	89%	21%	12%
D.C.	37	347	634	1,018	16	871	106	95%	24%	13%
FLORIDA	507	8,012	16,205	24,724	9,645	8,798	5,941	83%	21%	12%
GEORGIA	392	5,753	11,526	17,671	7,299	7,891	2,275	78%	23%	13%
HAWAII	24	480	1,192	1,696	156	35	349	81%	20%	10%
IDAHO	21	602	1,601	2,224	1,573	14	512	63%	20%	11%
ILLINOIS	342	6,625	13,133	20,100	6,613	7,283	6,007	85%	22%	11%
INDIANA	133	3,037	7,072	10,242	7,273	1,996	834	83%	20%	12%
IOWA	34	1,049	2,525	3,608	2,831	295	388	85%	18%	10%
KANSAS	45	1,369	3,103	4,517	2,945	566	834	78%	20%	12%
KENTUCKY	91	2,110	5,010	7,211	5,912	979	276	70%	21%	13%
LOUISIANA	222	3,434	6,939	10,595	4,086	6,169	195	87%	23%	16%
MAINE	4	321	894	1,219	1,137	20	24	85%	15%	9%
MARYLAND	161	2,307	4,449	6,917	2,383	3,764	630	90%	20%	9%
MASSACHUSETTS	78	1,628	3,356	5,062	2,387	732	1,662	91%	16%	6%
MICHIGAN	219	4,267	9,190	13,676	7,749	4,391	1,175	87%	20%	10%
MINNESOTA	70	1,583	3,657	5,310	3,073	737	698	85%	18%	8%
MISSISSIPPI	196	2,542	4,798	7,536	2,815	4,509	113	83%	24%	18%
MISSOURI	119	2,819	6,498	9,436	6,466	2,393	460	81%	21%	13%
MONTANA	11	382	876	1,269	836	8	57	82%	16%	12%
NEBRASKA	25	760	1,633	2,418	1,502	282	466	83%	19%	10%
NEVADA	63	1,222	2,455	3,740	1,324	474	1,684	77%	25%	12%
NEW HAMPSHIRE	7	264	650	921	765	13	68	87%	13%	6%
NEW JERSEY	143	2,553	5,140	7,836	1,756	2,815	3,106	89%	19%	7%
NEW MEXICO	79	1,650	2,879	4,608	947	92	2,979	83%	21%	17%
NEW YORK	328	6,532	13,480	20,340	6,270	6,207	7,217	84%	17%	8%
NORTH CAROLINA	269	4,728	9,608	14,605	6,328	5,399	2,326	78%	22%	12%
NORTH DAKOTA	5	174	499	678	446	8	20	84%	18%	9%
OHIO	277	5,253	11,781	17,311	11,435	4,882	835	87%	21%	11%
OKLAHOMA	105	2,325	5,151	7,581	4,410	1,010	941	72%	22%	15%
OREGON	66	1,477	3,343	4,886	3,172	161	1,303	77%	20%	11%
PENNSYLVANIA	262	4,384	9,183	13,829	7,706	4,053	1,721	90%	20%	10%
RHODE ISLAND	21	424	812	1,257	494	170	405	91%	21%	10%
SOUTH CAROLINA	182	2,624	5,277	8,083	3,520	4,000	484	83%	22%	14%
SOUTH DAKOTA	15	337	811	1,163	674	17	50	86%	18%	11%
TENNESSEE	215	3,417	7,421	11,053	6,875	3,439	646	76%	22%	14%
TEXAS	1,074	18,701	34,081	53,856	14,094	7,928	31,217	68%	25%	15%
UTAH	31	1,086	2,798	3,915	2,670	50	977	63%	21%	8%
VERMONT	4	135	389	528	497	5	4	89%	14%	8%
VIRGINIA	158	2,914	6,525	9,597	4,471	3,921	1,046	80%	19%	10%
WASHINGTON	111	2,253	5,264	7,628	4,316	473	2,024	76%	19%	10%
WEST VIRGINIA	29	784	1,899	2,712	2,549	142	11	72%	17%	13%
WISCONSIN	80	2,170	4,605	6,855	3,777	1,678	902	85%	19%	10%
WYOMING	7	220	562	789	620	12	97	72%	14%	13%
U.S. TOTAL in 1991	12,014	188,226	331,351	531,591	249,352	154,682	107,135	69%	25%	13%
U.S. TOTAL in 2001	7,781	145,324	300,620	453,725	191,742	111,653	132,562	79%	21%	11%
U.S. TOTAL in 2002	7,318	138,296	286,374	431,988	181,541	NA	129,461	80%	21%	NA

\* Race/ethnicity totals add to less than state totals due to births to other racial/ethnic groups.

Source/Notes: The most recent state-level birth data are taken from 2001 Natality Data Set CD Series 21, No. 15, National Center for Health Statistics.

U.S. totals for 2002 are from Hamilton, B.E., Martin, J.A., & Sutton, P.D. (2003). Births: Preliminary Data for 2002. National Vital Statistics Reports; vol. 51 no. 11. Hyattsville, MD: NCHS.

**TABLE 2: BIRTH RATES FOR FEMALES 15-19 IN 1970, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1991, 1995, 2000, & 2001, AND FEMALES 15-17 AND 18-19 IN 2001, PERCENT OF TEEN BIRTHS TO MOTHERS WHO USED TOBACCO DURING PREGNANCY IN 2001, PERCENT OF TEEN BIRTHS THAT ARE LOW BIRTHWEIGHT, PERCENT OF BIRTHS TO MOTHERS AGE 18 AND YOUNGER TO FATHER AT LEAST FOUR YEARS OLDER, AND STATEWIDE REQUIREMENTS TO TEACH HIV/STD OR SEXUALITY EDUCATION**

STATE	Birth Rates (Births per 1,000) to Females Aged 15-19								2001		% of Teen Mothers (age 15-19) who Used Tobacco During Pregnancy	Of All Births to Teens (age 15-19), % Low Birth-weight*	Of All Births to Mothers Age 18 and Younger, % to Fathers 4+ Years Older than Mother**	Statewide Requirements to		
	1970	1980	1985	1990	1991	1995	2000	2001	Ages 15-17	Ages 18-19				Teach HIV/STD & Sexuality Education or HIV/STD only	Stress Abstinence	Cover Contraception
ALABAMA	89	68	64	71	74	69	61	57	32	93	16%	11%	38%	Yes†	Yes	Yes
ALASKA	87	64	56	65	66	55	49	41	19	78	27%	6%	36%	Yes		
ARIZONA	77	66	67	76	80	74	68	64	37	105	7%	8%	39%	No	Yes	
ARKANSAS	91	75	73	80	80	72	66	62	32	108	22%	10%	39%	No	Yes	
CALIFORNIA	65	53	53	71	74	67	47	44	24	74	—	7%	42%	Yes†	Yes	Yes
COLORADO	64	50	48	55	58	52	51	47	26	80	14%	11%	40%	No		
CONNECTICUT	43	31	31	39	40	39	31	28	15	49	13%	8%	38%	Yes†	‡	
DELAWARE	72	51	51	55	60	55	48	47	28	74	17%	12%	35%	Yes	‡	Yes
FLORIDA	85	59	58	69	68	60	51	48	26	82	11%	10%	41%	Yes	‡	
GEORGIA	98	72	68	76	76	70	63	60	33	100	12%	11%	41%	Yes	‡	§
HAWAII	60	51	48	61	59	49	46	42	20	73	13%	10%	38%	Yes	Yes	Yes
IDAHO	65	60	47	51	54	49	43	41	19	73	18%	9%	34%	Yes†		
ILLINOIS	66	56	51	63	65	58	48	46	26	76	15%	10%	38%	Yes	Yes	Yes
INDIANA	73	58	52	59	60	57	49	47	24	82	29%	9%	34%	Yes†	Yes	
IOWA	52	43	35	41	43	38	34	34	17	57	31%	9%	36%	Yes		
KANSAS	61	57	52	56	55	52	46	44	23	76	20%	9%	36%	Yes		
KENTUCKY	86	72	63	68	69	62	55	52	26	88	33%	10%	40%	Yes	‡	
LOUISIANA	85	76	72	74	76	70	62	59	33	96	11%	12%	34%	No	Yes	
MAINE	65	47	42	43	44	34	29	27	12	50	34%	7%	42%	Yes	Yes	Yes
MARYLAND	68	43	46	53	54	47	41	38	21	63	14%	11%	36%	Yes	Yes	Yes
MASSACHUSETTS	38	28	29	35	38	33	26	25	14	41	18%	10%	35%	No		
MICHIGAN	66	45	43	59	59	49	40	38	20	66	24%	10%	36%	Yes†	‡	
MINNESOTA	42	35	31	36	37	33	30	28	14	49	24%	8%	36%	Yes		
MISSISSIPPI	102	84	76	81	85	79	70	67	39	106	13%	13%	35%	No	Yes	§
MISSOURI	71	58	54	63	64	55	49	46	24	80	28%	10%	33%	Yes†	Yes	Yes
MONTANA	58	49	44	48	47	42	37	36	18	62	32%	7%	33%	No		
NEBRASKA	52	45	40	42	42	38	38	37	20	62	23%	9%	37%	No		
NEVADA	90	59	55	73	75	73	63	56	30	99	12%	8%	44%	Yes		
NEW HAMPSHIRE	55	34	32	33	33	30	23	21	10	38	37%	10%	35%	Yes†		
NEW JERSEY	48	35	34	41	41	38	32	29	16	50	15%	10%	40%	Yes	Yes	§
NEW MEXICO	77	72	73	78	80	74	66	63	38	101	12%	9%	33%	Yes†		
NEW YORK	49	35	36	44	46	42	33	32	18	54	15%	9%	43%	Yes†		
NORTH CAROLINA	86	58	57	68	70	63	59	55	30	92	19%	11%	44%	Yes	Yes	§
NORTH DAKOTA	43	42	36	35	36	33	27	27	12	48	31%	6%	26%	Yes†		
OHIO	63	53	50	58	61	53	46	43	22	74	29%	11%	31%	Yes†		
OKLAHOMA	81	75	69	67	72	64	60	58	31	97	23%	9%	37%	Yes†	Yes	
OREGON	56	51	43	55	55	50	43	40	21	70	23%	7%	41%	Yes†	Yes	Yes
PENNSYLVANIA	52	41	40	45	47	41	34	33	18	55	26%	10%	34%	Yes†		
RHODE ISLAND	45	33	36	44	45	40	34	36	22	55	22%	9%	38%	Yes	Yes	Yes
SOUTH CAROLINA	89	65	63	71	73	63	58	57	32	91	16%	11%	37%	Yes	Yes	Yes
SOUTH DAKOTA	50	53	46	47	48	41	38	38	19	67	31%	5%	32%	No		
TENNESSEE	87	64	61	72	75	67	60	57	30	97	22%	11%	37%	Yes	Yes	
TEXAS	84	74	72	75	78	76	69	66	39	107	8%	9%	36%	No	Yes	§
UTAH	54	65	50	49	48	41	38	38	19	64	18%	9%	36%	Yes	Yes	
VERMONT	53	40	36	34	39	28	23	24	10	44	49%	9%	40%	Yes	‡	Yes
VIRGINIA	72	48	46	53	53	48	41	40	21	68	13%	10%	36%	No	‡	Yes
WASHINGTON	58	47	45	53	54	48	39	36	18	63	23%	7%	40%	Yes†		
WEST VIRGINIA	72	68	54	57	58	53	47	46	23	78	39%	10%	43%	Yes	Yes	Yes
WISCONSIN	44	40	39	43	44	38	35	34	18	58	26%	8%	49%	Yes†		
WYOMING	69	79	59	56	54	48	42	39	18	70	34%	10%	30%	Yes		
U.S. TOTAL	66	53	51	60	62	56	48	45	25	76	18%	9%	38%	NA	NA	NA

\*Low birthweight is defined as weight of less than 2,500 grams (5 lb 8oz).

\*\*The age of father was not reported for 37% of U.S. teen births 18 and younger, and the range varies greatly by state. For example in California, age of father was not reported for 21% of teen births 18 and younger compared to 48% in Alabama. Therefore, state-to-state comparisons should not be made. State differences in reporting are due to differences in the enforcement of paternity acknowledgement in each state.

†Statewide requirement to teach HIV/STD education only.

‡Abstinence must be covered, but not necessarily stressed.

§"State specifically authorized localities to teach about contraception, but in MS, NC, NJ and TX, if taught, it must include failure rates or effectiveness and failure rates among adolescents."

Sources/Notes: The 1985 birth rates were calculated by Child Trends. Denominators use the latest revised data from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Branch. These revisions affect birth rates in some states. Population denominators for D.C. and less populated states are small and therefore some instability in rates can occur. Birth rates for 1970, 1980, and 1990 are published by the National Center for Health Statistics, Department of Health and Human Services. The 1970 rate represents the average for 1969-1971. Birth rates for 1990: Ventura, S.J., Clarke, S.C., and Mathews, T.J. (1996). Recent declines in teenage birth rates in the United States: Variations by state, 1990-1994. National Center for Health Statistics. Birth rates for 1991-2001: Hamilton B.E., Sutton, P.D., and Ventura, S.J. (2003). Revised birth and fertility rates for the 1990s and new rates for Hispanic populations, 2000 and 2001: United States. National Center for Health Statistics.

Information on tobacco use and birthweight: 2001 Natality Data Set CD Series 21, No. 15, National Center for Health Statistics. Information on state requirements for HIV/STD and sexuality education: The Alan Guttmacher Institute, State Policies in Brief as of August 1, 2003, State Sexuality Education Policy, available: [www.guttmacher.org/pubs/spib\\_SE.pdf](http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/spib_SE.pdf).

**TABLE 3. BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS IN LARGE CITIES BY AGE AND RACE/ETHNICITY, PERCENT OF TEEN BIRTHS TO UNMARRIED MOTHERS UNDER AGE 20, PERCENT OF BIRTHS TO MOTHERS 15-19 THAT ARE REPEAT BIRTHS (SECOND OR HIGHER ORDER BIRTHS), AND PERCENT OF ALL BIRTHS TO TEENS, 2001**

CITY	Number of Births to Mothers Aged:				Number of Births to Mothers Aged 20:			Number of Births to Unmarried Mothers Under Age 20	Of All Births to Mothers Under Age 20, % Nonmarital	Of All Teen (age 15-19) Births for City, % that are Repeat Births	Of All Births In City, % to Mothers Under Age 20, 2001
	Under 15	15-17	18-19	Total Under 20	Non-Hispanic White	Black	Hispanic				
Akron, OH	7	174	324	505	230	266	5	470	93%	23%	15%
Albuquerque, NM	26	414	714	1,154	206	44	823	982	85%	21%	14%
Alexandria, VA	2	34	78	114	19	37	53	92	81%	17%	4%
Amarillo, TX	7	210	353	570	250	50	260	389	68%	23%	19%
Anaheim, CA	8	213	435	656	82	15	543	456	70%	21%	10%
Anchorage, AK	5	114	291	410	167	42	61	312	76%	22%	10%
Arlington, TX	12	208	423	643	183	124	310	481	75%	22%	11%
Arlington, VA	2	37	88	127	16	15	90	108	85%	16%	4%
Atlanta, GA	44	458	858	1,360	45	1,029	274	1,179	87%	28%	15%
Aurora, CO	7	203	411	621	184	109	310	411	66%	20%	11%
Austin, TX	43	523	969	1,535	194	229	1,097	1,085	71%	27%	12%
Bakersfield, CA	24	386	741	1,151	333	130	670	913	79%	27%	16%
Baltimore, MD	84	777	1,208	2,069	256	1,743	39	1,991	96%	26%	21%
Baton Rouge, LA	18	244	469	731	109	602	16	675	92%	27%	15%
Birmingham, AL	31	280	453	764	71	656	36	689	90%	24%	18%
Boise, ID	-	56	206	262	208	6	28	191	73%	18%	8%
Boston, MA	16	238	464	718	118	324	246	664	92%	16%	9%
Bridgeport, CT	12	121	235	368	30	143	186	349	95%	23%	16%
Buffalo, NY	17	271	443	731	181	421	111	639	87%	24%	17%
Charlotte, NC	22	348	605	975	191	522	223	843	86%	24%	9%
Chattanooga, TN	16	155	278	449	167	243	35	389	87%	25%	18%
Chesapeake, VA	9	122	195	326	132	185	5	286	88%	17%	12%
Chicago, IL	190	2,809	4,639	7,638	349	4,321	2,897	6,753	88%	26%	15%
Chula Vista, CA	1	105	238	344	56	28	242	251	73%	18%	9%
Cincinnati, OH	30	354	623	1,007	248	730	25	965	96%	25%	17%
Cleveland, OH	46	574	923	1,543	336	1,026	167	1,452	94%	25%	19%
Colorado Springs, CO	12	220	577	809	408	114	263	583	72%	19%	12%
Columbus, GA	13	139	308	460	127	309	18	396	86%	27%	18%
Columbus, OH	35	435	950	1,420	636	657	88	1,265	89%	25%	13%
Corpus Christi, TX	15	254	539	808	124	26	650	658	81%	29%	17%
Dallas, TX	92	1,446	2,501	4,039	281	1,296	2,419	2,735	68%	27%	16%
Dayton, OH	16	177	312	505	194	304	5	476	94%	21%	17%
Denver, CO	35	568	946	1,549	192	185	1,133	1,087	70%	22%	14%
Des Moines, IA	5	149	289	443	263	73	90	382	86%	22%	13%
Detroit, MI	83	1,001	1,592	2,676	177	2,261	207	2,472	92%	26%	17%
Durham, NC	7	141	261	409	42	245	120	350	86%	22%	12%
El Paso, TX	32	768	1,317	2,117	93	38	1,973	1,399	66%	28%	16%
Escondido, CA	7	104	182	293	42	6	231	228	78%	22%	11%
Eugene, OR	2	41	105	148	125	-	17	120	81%	25%	9%
Flint, MI	13	161	329	503	171	325	7	481	96%	28%	19%
Fort Lauderdale, FL	15	152	286	453	51	335	64	416	92%	25%	14%
Fort Wayne, IN	3	190	363	556	293	200	54	490	88%	23%	13%
Fort Worth, TX	37	649	1,154	1,840	374	512	929	1,407	76%	27%	16%
Fremont, CA	-	24	92	116	33	10	52	82	71%	14%	4%
Fresno, CA	27	527	976	1,530	197	150	976	1,170	76%	27%	17%
Fullerton, CA	2	49	108	159	39	6	109	125	79%	20%	9%
Garden Grove, CA	3	61	181	245	38	2	171	184	75%	17%	8%
Garland, TX	16	174	320	510	147	85	272	340	67%	21%	13%
Glendale, AZ	8	195	394	597	200	52	317	465	78%	26%	12%
Glendale, CA	-	16	56	72	25	-	43	43	60%	17%	4%
Grand Rapids, MI	14	193	321	528	182	208	130	476	90%	26%	13%
Greensboro, NC	6	87	163	256	55	141	50	222	87%	19%	10%
Hampton, VA	4	76	194	274	86	171	9	227	83%	20%	14%
Hayward, CA	2	81	190	273	32	35	175	201	74%	15%	9%
Hialeah, FL	5	87	191	283	52	6	223	181	64%	14%	11%
Hollywood, FL	7	65	119	191	58	70	56	171	90%	19%	9%
Honolulu, HI	5	81	220	306	29	7	47	236	77%	18%	7%
Houston, TX	151	2,123	3,772	6,046	510	1,633	3,830	4,191	69%	26%	14%
Huntington Beach, CA	-	36	69	105	28	-	73	80	76%	11%	4%
Huntsville, AL	8	92	170	270	91	162	17	216	80%	26%	14%
Indianapolis, IN	48	614	1,199	1,861	820	855	176	1,700	91%	21%	13%
Irvine, CA	1	10	19	30	13	3	9	24	80%	3%	2%
Irving, TX	11	150	306	467	106	49	305	285	61%	22%	12%
Jackson, MS	24	224	329	577	34	538	2	559	97%	28%	19%
Jacksonville, FL	39	495	1,067	1,601	604	885	86	1,388	87%	23%	14%
Jersey City, NJ	11	136	235	382	26	201	134	348	91%	17%	10%
Kansas City, MO	31	352	647	1,030	300	560	148	924	90%	26%	14%
Kansas City, KS	8	172	295	475	174	181	103	408	86%	26%	18%
Knoxville, TN	10	124	268	402	270	117	10	315	78%	18%	14%
Lakewood, CO	1	50	132	183	95	5	80	129	70%	19%	10%
Laredo, TX	16	366	534	916	7	-	909	416	45%	28%	16%
Las Vegas, NV	28	512	1,055	1,595	486	286	702	1,220	76%	26%	11%
Lexington-Fayette, KY	8	114	245	367	202	110	53	295	80%	21%	10%
Lincoln, NE	2	106	203	311	222	38	32	274	88%	16%	9%
Little Rock, AR	10	118	252	380	74	283	21	334	88%	25%	13%
Long Beach, CA	18	286	619	923	63	164	586	764	83%	20%	11%
Los Angeles, CA	148	2,504	4,444	7,096	246	800	5,906	5,569	78%	22%	11%
Louisville, KY	20	316	638	974	472	462	27	881	90%	23%	14%
Lubbock, TX	16	203	397	616	163	104	346	461	75%	31%	19%
Madison, WI	1	87	173	261	98	76	64	211	81%	20%	9%
Memphis, TN	60	730	1,255	2,045	207	1,707	121	1,925	94%	29%	18%
Mesa, AZ	7	285	635	927	389	24	462	727	78%	23%	11%
Mesquite, TX	4	75	191	270	126	47	94	193	71%	18%	14%
Miami, FL	33	643	1,123	1,799	138	1,021	626	1,584	88%	20%	13%
Milwaukee, WI	55	824	1,283	2,162	331	1,344	392	2,006	93%	26%	19%

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**TABLE 3. BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS IN LARGE CITIES BY AGE AND RACE/ETHNICITY, PERCENT OF TEEN BIRTHS TO UNMARRIED MOTHERS UNDER AGE 20, PERCENT OF BIRTHS TO MOTHERS 15-19 THAT ARE REPEAT BIRTHS (SECOND OR HIGHER ORDER BIRTHS), AND PERCENT OF ALL BIRTHS TO TEENS, 2001**

	Number of Births to Mothers Aged:				Number of Births to Mothers Aged 20:			Number of Births to Unmarried Mothers Under Age 20	Of All Births to Mothers Under Age 20, % Nonmarital	Of All Teen (age 15-19) Births for City, % that are Repeat Births	Of All Births In City, % to Mothers Under Age 20, 2001
	Under 15	15-17	18-19	Total Under 20	Non-Hispanic White	Black	Hispanic				
Minneapolis, MN	18	282	498	798	134	326	178	707	89%	24%	12%
Mobile, AL	11	176	278	465	126	327	6	393	85%	24%	15%
Modesto, CA	4	197	362	563	178	23	341	414	74%	24%	14%
Montgomery, AL	9	151	317	477	93	370	10	414	87%	27%	15%
Moreno Valley, CA	2	116	227	345	67	89	172	285	83%	15%	14%
Nashville-Davidson, TN	18	331	700	1,049	403	471	153	870	83%	26%	12%
New Orleans, LA	41	487	771	1,299	46	1,230	15	1,256	97%	24%	18%
New York, NY	186	3,420	6,768	10,374	700	3,818	5,525	9,170	88%	16%	9%
Newark, NJ	19	269	510	798	34	483	272	743	93%	21%	16%
Newport News, VA	10	124	288	422	147	248	20	318	75%	23%	13%
Norfolk, VA	12	183	425	620	124	454	29	519	84%	23%	15%
Oakland, CA	17	288	480	785	32	357	340	604	77%	17%	12%
Oceanside, CA	7	85	264	356	111	28	190	206	58%	23%	10%
Oklahoma City, OK	27	446	794	1,267	494	333	340	1,023	81%	24%	16%
Omaha, NE	13	263	441	717	310	221	166	615	86%	22%	11%
Ontario, CA	6	150	268	424	36	22	358	336	79%	20%	13%
Orange, CA	5	45	106	156	21	1	133	109	70%	25%	8%
Orlando, FL	23	310	605	938	215	428	276	806	86%	25%	13%
Overland Park, KS	-	21	52	73	51	5	16	52	71%	8%	3%
Oxnard, CA	9	190	339	538	28	8	446	324	60%	22%	14%
Pasadena, CA	3	63	113	179	7	29	135	136	76%	24%	8%
Pasadena, TX	10	171	323	504	128	6	366	308	61%	27%	18%
Paterson, NJ	10	140	275	425	28	156	238	387	91%	24%	14%
Philadelphia, PA	113	1,359	2,023	3,495	455	2,247	639	3,334	95%	24%	16%
Phoenix, AZ	90	1,520	2,566	4,176	792	262	2,932	3,440	82%	26%	17%
Pittsburgh, PA	16	189	318	523	145	350	10	506	97%	20%	13%
Plano, TX	1	51	89	141	72	17	52	107	76%	19%	4%
Pomona, CA	5	194	276	475	15	32	421	370	78%	20%	15%
Portland, OR	7	239	460	706	372	113	168	602	85%	22%	9%
Providence, RI	10	174	290	474	67	89	254	432	91%	25%	17%
Raleigh, NC	12	122	249	383	67	188	120	323	84%	24%	7%
Rancho Cucamonga, CA	-	22	57	79	24	7	48	59	75%	20%	8%
Reno, NV	6	112	256	374	153	15	179	261	70%	25%	12%
Richmond, VA	16	185	341	542	39	467	32	527	97%	23%	17%
Riverside, CA	7	217	528	752	157	58	513	572	76%	23%	13%
Rochester, NY	22	232	373	627	102	391	125	522	83%	24%	17%
Rockford, IL	5	121	284	410	161	158	84	356	87%	26%	15%
Sacramento, CA	30	396	887	1,313	309	277	474	1,019	78%	22%	12%
Salem, OR	10	119	263	392	189	11	165	305	78%	23%	14%
Salinas, CA	9	168	307	484	34	4	439	339	70%	20%	13%
Salt Lake City, UT	8	184	320	512	231	15	234	360	70%	24%	9%
San Antonio, TX	85	1,371	2,047	3,503	484	214	2,775	2,560	73%	28%	16%
San Bernardino, CA	11	249	517	777	112	149	489	650	84%	27%	17%
San Diego, CA	42	519	1,065	1,626	158	192	1,142	1,233	76%	18%	9%
San Francisco, CA	12	115	295	422	37	109	206	339	80%	15%	5%
San Jose, CA	18	388	915	1,321	110	51	1,031	987	75%	20%	8%
Santa Ana, CA	15	367	662	1,044	39	6	976	748	72%	23%	12%
Santa Clarita, CA	-	-	3	3	1	-	2	2	67%	-	1%
Santa Rosa, CA	2	65	158	225	65	1	143	166	74%	21%	8%
Savannah, GA	17	144	275	436	94	320	20	389	89%	22%	17%
Scottsdale, AZ	2	39	103	144	47	4	65	116	81%	23%	5%
Seattle, WA	11	121	283	415	99	118	101	325	78%	17%	6%
Shreveport, LA	18	199	355	572	97	461	11	528	92%	22%	18%
Sioux falls, SD	2	60	111	173	128	10	10	153	88%	15%	8%
Spokane, WA	1	114	235	350	272	19	22	278	79%	19%	11%
Springfield, MA	14	165	266	445	72	98	272	428	96%	23%	18%
Springfield, MO	-	81	187	268	242	12	10	207	77%	22%	14%
St. Louis, MO	23	348	624	995	158	810	19	956	96%	25%	19%
St. Paul, MN	15	208	445	668	152	172	111	543	81%	27%	13%
St. Petersburg, FL	18	168	290	476	184	251	35	432	91%	23%	14%
Sterling Heights, MI	-	13	36	49	40	2	2	38	78%	8%	3%
Stockton, CA	10	291	569	870	126	127	462	694	80%	23%	15%
Sunnyvale, CA	3	35	67	105	8	3	74	72	69%	13%	5%
Syracuse, NY	8	137	208	353	119	177	38	301	85%	21%	16%
Tacoma, WA	12	159	363	534	247	105	93	428	80%	19%	14%
Tallahassee, FL	4	60	151	215	58	148	9	196	91%	22%	10%
Tampa, FL	25	401	686	1,112	262	509	323	968	87%	23%	13%
Tempe, AZ	4	88	156	248	80	13	138	210	85%	19%	12%
Toledo, OH	21	243	490	754	322	339	82	710	94%	22%	15%
Torrance, CA	-	28	76	104	17	5	73	77	74%	24%	5%
Tucson, AZ	27	538	1,065	1,630	428	66	1,024	1,371	84%	22%	14%
Tulsa, OK	13	302	679	994	424	271	192	762	77%	24%	15%
Vallejo, CA	3	64	133	200	32	78	52	165	83%	15%	11%
Virginia Beach, VA	6	132	414	552	275	212	35	436	79%	17%	9%
Warren, MI	-	43	80	123	101	6	4	103	84%	20%	7%
Washington, DC	37	347	634	1,018	16	871	106	972	95%	24%	13%
Wichita, KS	14	255	533	802	427	172	160	635	79%	25%	13%
Winston-Salem, NC	13	152	272	437	95	199	140	377	86%	25%	14%
Worcester, MA	3	89	180	272	129	20	110	240	88%	15%	11%
Yonkers, NY	8	80	155	243	28	75	139	181	74%	22%	9%

Source/Notes: 2001 data are from 2001 Natality Data Set CD Series 21, No. 15, National Center for Health Statistics.

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**Compiled by: Angela Romano Papillo, M.A., Kerry Franzetta, B.A., Jennifer Manlove, Ph.D., Kristin Anderson Moore, Ph.D.,**  
**Erum Ikramullah, B.A./B.S., Suzanne Ryan, Ph.D., and Elizabeth Terry-Humen, M.P.P.**